

DT Fourier

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3:02 PM

$$X[n] \xrightarrow{\text{DT}} X(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} X[n] e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$\mathcal{F}^{-1}(X(\omega)) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} X(\omega) e^{j\omega n} d\omega = X[n]$$

Ex. 1

$$X[n] = 2^{-n} u[n]$$

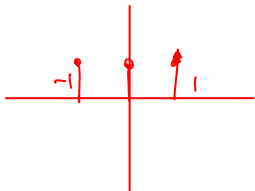
$$X(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} 2^{-n} u[n] e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=0}^{\infty} 2^{-n} e^{-j\omega n} \quad \Rightarrow$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 - \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{2}} \quad (\text{geometric})$$

$| \frac{e^{-j\omega}}{2} | < 1$

Exercise

$$X[n] = u[n+1] - u[n-2]$$



$$X(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} u[n+1] - u[n-2] e^{-j\omega n} = \sum_{n=-1}^{\infty} e^{-j\omega n} = e^{j\omega} + 1 + e^{-j\omega} = 1 + 2\cos(\omega)$$

Properties of DTFT:

1) Periodic with 2π

$$X(\omega) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n}$$

$$X(\omega + 2\pi k) = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j(\omega + 2\pi k)n} = \sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} x[n] e^{-j\omega n} e^{-j2\pi kn} = X(\omega)$$

2) linearity

$$\mathcal{F}(\alpha X[n] + \beta Y[n]) = \alpha X(\omega) + \beta Y(\omega)$$

$$\text{ex. } X[n] = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} a_k e^{jk\frac{2\pi}{N}n}$$

$$X(\omega) = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} a_k \mathcal{F}\left(e^{j\frac{k2\pi}{N}n}\right)$$

since $e^{j\omega n} \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} 2\pi \delta(\omega - \omega_0)$ - repeating delta function $0 < \omega < 2\pi$

$$\text{so } X(\omega) = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} a_k \mathcal{F}\left(e^{j\frac{k2\pi}{N}n}\right) = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} a_k \underbrace{\sum_{l=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi \delta(\omega - \frac{k2\pi}{N} - 2\pi l)}_{\text{repeating delta part}} =$$

$$= \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N})$$

$$\mathcal{F}^{-1}\left(\sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N})\right) = \int_0^{2\pi} \sum_{k=-\infty}^{\infty} 2\pi a_k \delta(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega =$$

$$= \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} \int_0^{2\pi} a_k \delta(\omega - \frac{2\pi k}{N}) e^{j\omega n} d\omega = \sum_{k=0}^{N-1} a_k e^{j\frac{2\pi k}{N}n}$$

3) Time shifting + frequency shifting

$$\mathcal{F}(x[n-n_0]) = e^{-j\omega n_0} X(\omega)$$

$$\mathcal{F}(e^{j\omega_0 n} x[n]) = X(\omega - \omega_0)$$

4) Conjugation

$$\mathcal{F}(x^*[n]) = X^*(-\omega)$$

if $x[n]$ is real:

$$x[n] \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} X(\omega) = X^*(\omega)$$

$$X(\omega) = \text{Re}(\omega) + j \text{Im}(\omega)$$

$$X^*(\omega) = \text{Re}(\omega) - j \text{Im}(\omega)$$

so Real part of $X(\omega)$ is even

$$\text{Re}(\omega) = \text{Re}(-\omega)$$

and Imaginary part of $X(\omega)$ is odd

$$\text{Im}(\omega) = -\text{Im}(-\omega)$$

5) D... IC... R... k...

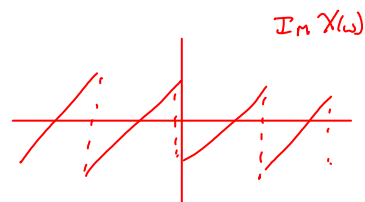
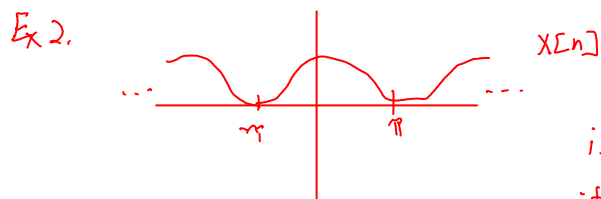
5) Parseval's Relation

$$\sum_{n=-\infty}^{\infty} |x[n]|^2 = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} |X(\omega)|^2 d\omega$$

6) Convolution

$$x[n] * y[n] \xrightarrow{\mathcal{F}} X(\omega)Y(\omega)$$

7) There is No Duality in DTFT



is $x[n]$ periodic, No because if
it was $X(\omega)$ would be a train of
delta's.

is $x[n]$ real & even
-not even because if it
was there wouldn't be any Im part
it is real why?

Finite energy?