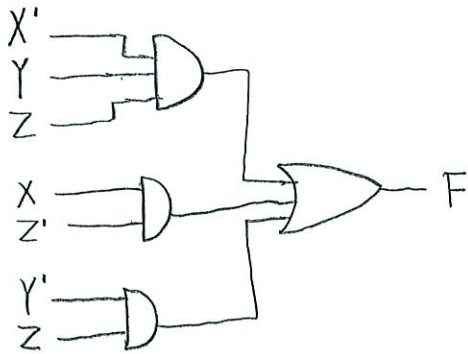


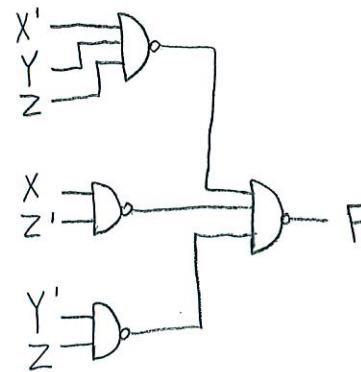
Huddle Board Exercise for Module 2 – No. 1
Monday, February 17, 2014

Draw the **AND-OR** realization and the **NAND-NAND** realization of the following function:

$$F(X,Y,Z) = X' \cdot Y \cdot Z + X \cdot Z' + Y' \cdot Z$$



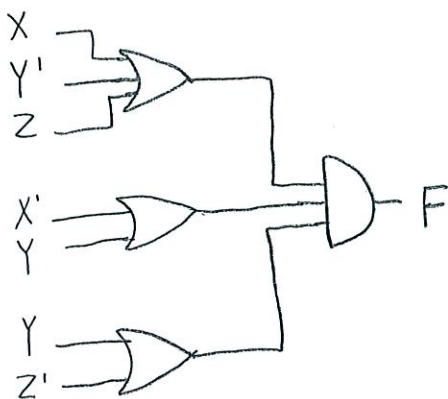
AND - OR



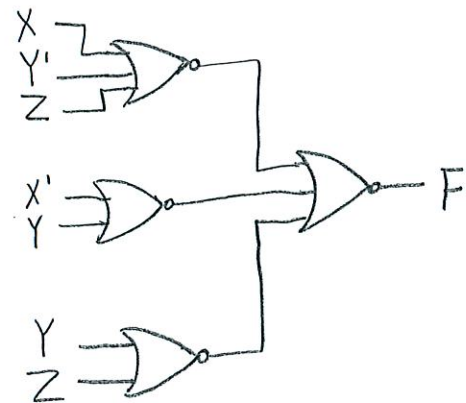
NAND-NAND

Draw the **OR-AND** realization and the **NOR-NOR** realization of the following function:

$$F(X,Y,Z) = (X+Y'+Z) \cdot (X'+Y) \cdot (Y+Z')$$



OR - AND



NOR - NOR

Huddle Board Exercise for Module 2 – No. 1a
Monday, February 17, 2014

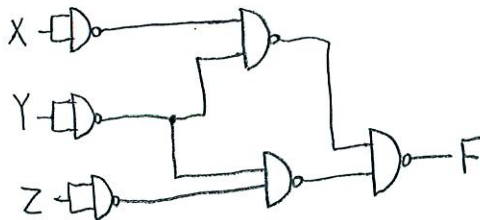
1. Assuming that *only true variables* are available, realize the function $F(X,Y,Z)$ mapped below three different ways:

- (a) Using only 7400 (quad 2-input NAND) chips
- (b) Using only 7402 (quad 2-input NOR) chips
- (c) Using only 7403 (quad 2-input open-drain NAND) chips

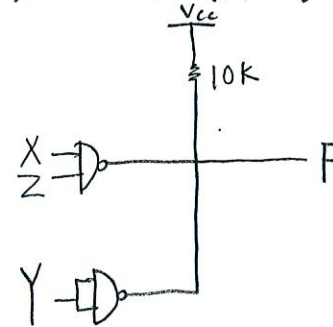
	X'		X
Z'	1	d	1
Z	1	0	0
	Y'	Y	Y'

Show complete schematics for each realization, along with your derivations.

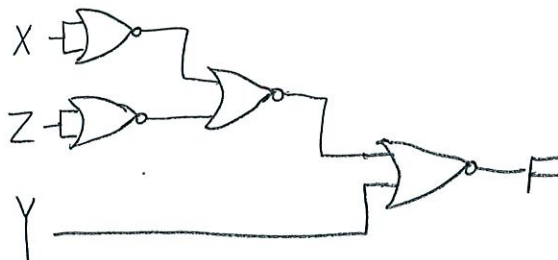
(a) $F = X' \cdot Y' + Y' \cdot Z'$



(c) $F' = Y + (X \cdot Z)$



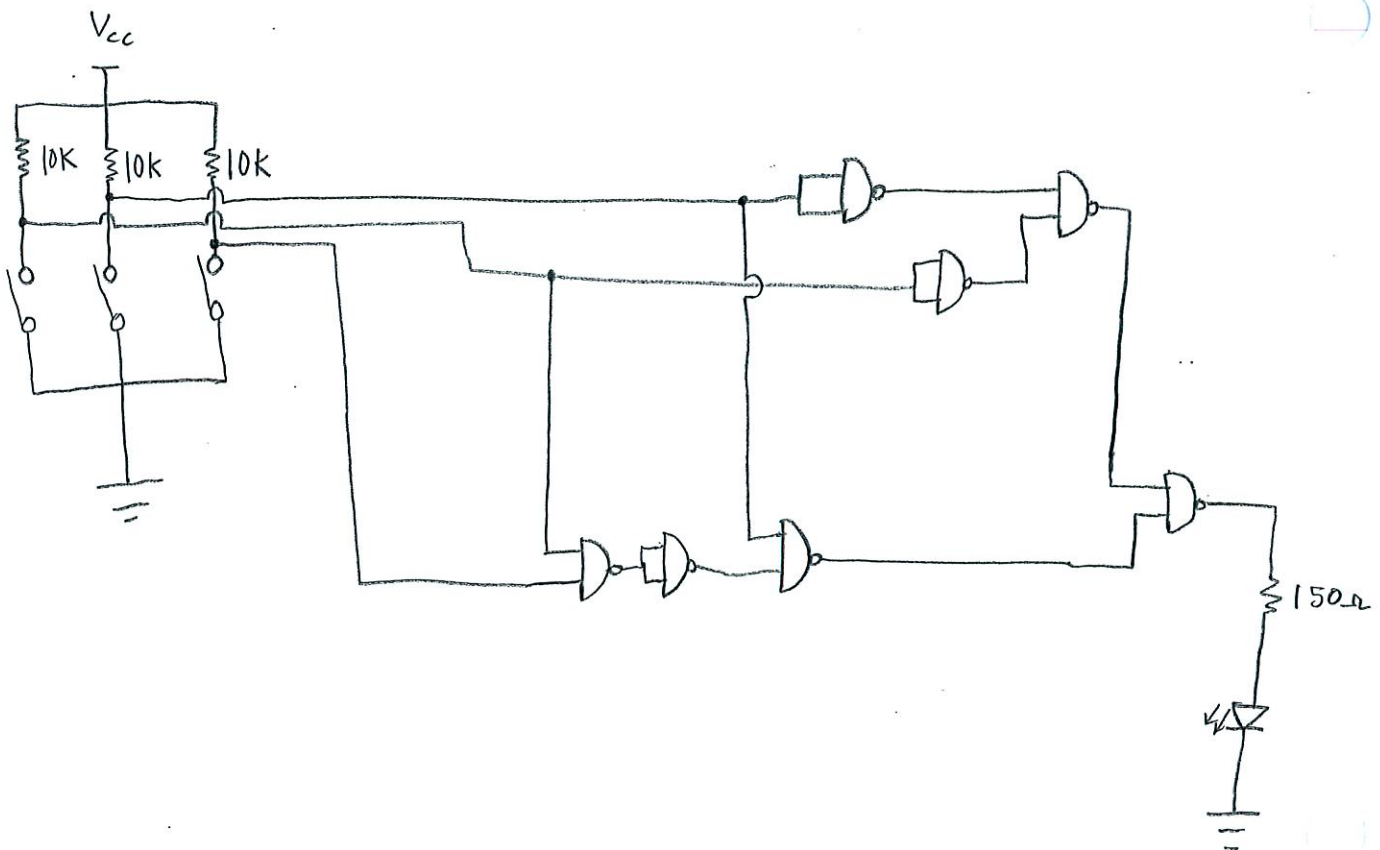
(b) $F' = Y + (X \cdot Z)$
 $F = Y' \cdot (X' + Z')$



2. Equipped only with a bucket full of 2-input NAND gates (plus a breadboard, some wires, some SPST switches, an LED, some resistors, and a power supply), you must implement the function represented by the ON SET $\sum_{X,Y,Z}(0,1,7)$ as efficiently and quickly as possible. Show all of your work, plus a complete schematic (including the switches, resistors, LED, and however many 2-input NAND gates deemed necessary).

	X'		X	
Z'	0	1	2	0
Z	1	1	3	0
	Y'		Y	
			6	0
			7	1
				5
				0

$$F = X' \cdot Y' + X \cdot Y \cdot Z$$



Huddle Board Exercise for Module 2 – No. 1b
Monday, February 17, 2014

Practice for standardized exam questions — determine the one best response.

The following K-map applies to questions 1 through 6:

		X'	X
Z'	1	1	0
Z	0	0	1
	Y'	Y	Y'

$$F = X' \cdot Z' + X \cdot Y \cdot Z$$

$$F' = X \cdot Z' + X' \cdot Z + Y' \cdot Z$$

$$F = (X' + Z) \cdot (X + Z') \cdot (Y + Z')$$

1. Assuming the availability of **only true** input variables, the **fewest number of 2-input NAND gates** that are needed to realize this function is:
 (A) 6 (B) 7 (C) 8 (D) 9 (E) none of the above
2. Assuming the availability of **only true** input variables, the **fewest number of 2-input NOR gates** that are needed to realize this function is:
 (A) 6 (B) 7 (C) 8 (D) 9 (E) none of the above
3. Assuming the availability of **only true** input variables, the **fewest number of 2-input open-drain NAND gates** that are needed to realize this function is:
 (A) 6 (B) 7 (C) 8 (D) 9 (E) none of the above
4. The **number of pull-up resistors** required for realizing this function as described in **question 3, above**, is:
 (A) 1 (B) 2 (C) 3 (D) 4 (E) none of the above
5. The **cost of a minimal sum of products** realization of this function (assuming **both true and complemented variables** are available) would be:
 (A) 9 (B) 10 (C) 11 (D) 12 (E) none of the above
6. The **cost of a minimal products of sum** realization of this function (assuming **both true and complemented variables** are available) would be:
 (A) 9 (B) 10 (C) 11 (D) 12 (E) none of the above

	X'	X
Z'	1	0
Z	0	1
	Y'	Y

$$F = X' \cdot Z' + X \cdot Y \cdot Z$$

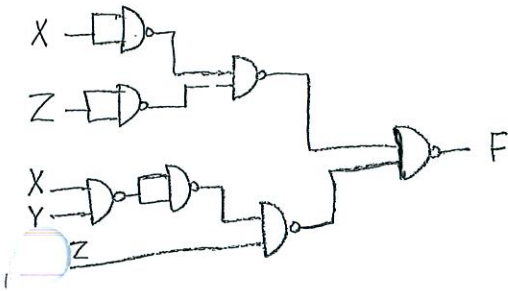
$$F' = X \cdot Z' + X' \cdot Z + Y' \cdot Z$$

$$F = (X' + Z) \cdot (X + Z') \cdot (Y + Z')$$

① Fewest number of 2-input NAND gates

$$F = X' \cdot Z' + X \cdot Y \cdot Z$$

⑦



④ Number of pull-up resistors for open-drain NAND gates

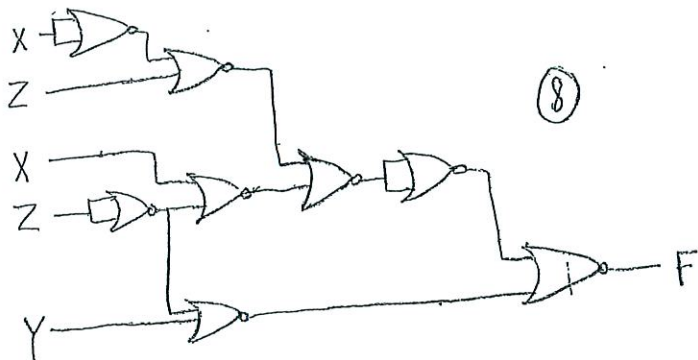
4 pull-up resistors

⑤ Cost of minimal sum of products

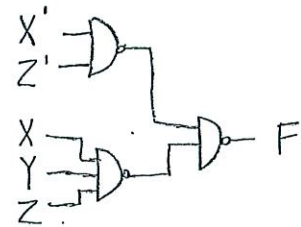
$$F = X' \cdot Z' + X \cdot Y \cdot Z$$

② Fewest number of 2-input NOR gates

$$F = (X' + Z) \cdot (X + Z') \cdot (Y + Z')$$



⑧



7 inputs + 3 outputs = 10

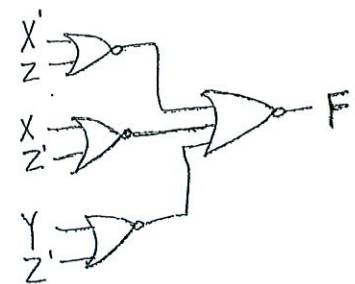
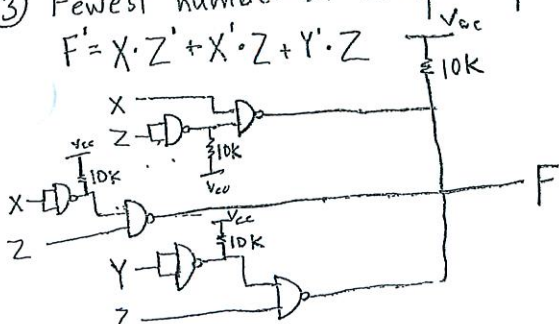
⑥ Cost of minimal product of sums

$$F = (X' + Z) \cdot (X + Z') \cdot (Y + Z')$$

③ Fewest number of 2-input open-drain NAND gates

$$F' = X \cdot Z' + X' \cdot Z + Y' \cdot Z$$

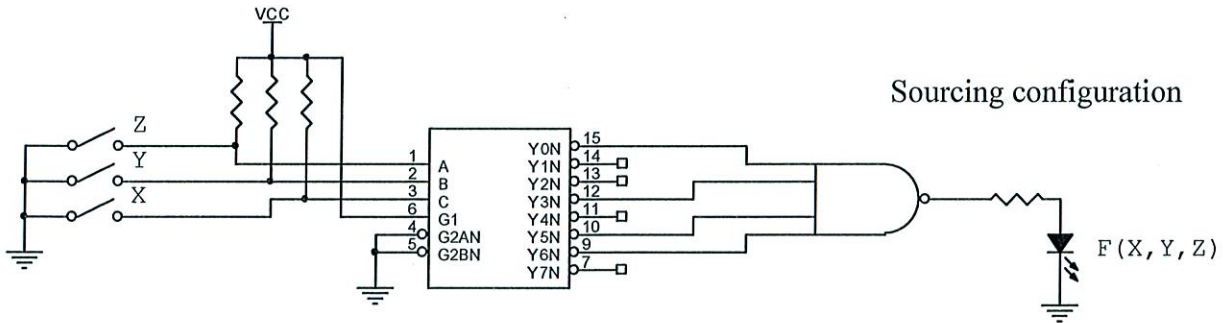
⑥



9 inputs + 4 outputs = 13

Huddle Board Exercise for Module 2 – No. 2 Wednesday, February 26, 2014

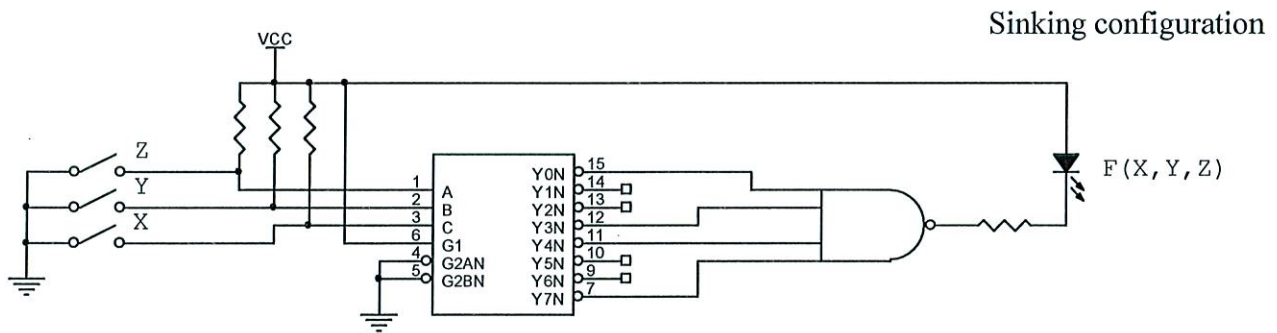
Determine the **ON set** and a simplified **minimum sum-of-products** function realized by this decoder-based circuit.



Derivation:	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">X'</td> <td style="text-align: center;">X</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Z'</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Z</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">Y'</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Y</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Y'</td> </tr> </table>		X'	X		Z'	1	0	1	Z	0	1	0		Y'	Y	Y'	$\Sigma_{X,Y,Z} (0,3,5,6)$ $F = X' \cdot Y' \cdot Z' + X' \cdot Y \cdot Z + X \cdot Y \cdot Z' + X \cdot Y' \cdot Z$ $= X' \cdot (Y' \cdot Z' + Y \cdot Z) + X \cdot (Y \cdot Z' + Y' \cdot Z)$ $= X' \cdot (Y \oplus Z)' + X \cdot (Y \oplus Z)$
	X'	X																
Z'	1	0	1															
Z	0	1	0															
	Y'	Y	Y'															

Solutions will vary depending on which variable is factored out. There should be one XNOR and one XOR term.

Determine the **ON set** and a simplified **minimum sum-of-products** function realized by this decoder-based circuit.



Derivation:	<table border="1" style="display: inline-table; border-collapse: collapse;"> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">X'</td> <td style="text-align: center;">X</td> <td></td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Z'</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> </tr> <tr> <td style="text-align: center;">Z</td> <td style="text-align: center;">1</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0</td> <td style="text-align: center;">0</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td style="text-align: center;">Y'</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Y</td> <td style="text-align: center;">Y'</td> </tr> </table>		X'	X		Z'	0	1	1	Z	1	0	0		Y'	Y	Y'	$\Sigma_{X,Y,Z} (1,2,5,6)$ $F = Y \cdot Z' + Y' \cdot Z$ $= Y \oplus Z$
	X'	X																
Z'	0	1	1															
Z	1	0	0															
	Y'	Y	Y'															